### **Our 6-step Process:**

- + Business Model
- + Industry
- Company
- Management
- → Valuation
- Primary Motivation

#### Internal Reporting of performance and Changes in strategy: capital allocation: Business model, Value · Profitability, Cash Profile, Proposition Leverage Changes in Exco-management: Changes in the disclosure: · Continuity, Incentivized on a sustainable outcome Comparability, restatements, reclassifications Board representation: Quantitative · Experience, Incentives, Prospects and outlook: conflicts of interest, Duration · Conditions going forward of term. Regulatory/Policy changes: Comparison to peers: Visible competitive advantage Industry or Sector scrutiny Market share: ↑ Themes: Risks to disruption Cyclical vs Structural Other Unique Risks/Shocks Customer Demand: Pricing ability Supplier Power: Cost management External

Qualitative

An Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) framework should be used as an overlay in each of the four quadrants.

MSCI ESG leader's performance since 2007



#### **Identifying material issues:**

- Changes and/or anomalies within all the quadrants.
- + Risks we deem to be underestimated.
- Follow up in meetings. e.g. Management or Investor relations

#### **Visible improvements:**

→ Segmental disclosure by operation and geography.

#### **Scope for Improvement:**

- → Stronger linkage between qualitative information (e.g. policies) and the value created.
- → Disclosure of related party transactions. (Steinhoff FY17 IR p255)

### **Argument for soft copies:**

Less carbon intensive and easier to navigate (ctrl +F).

